Dayside Reconnection in LFM

T E Moore, M-C Fok, M O Chandler

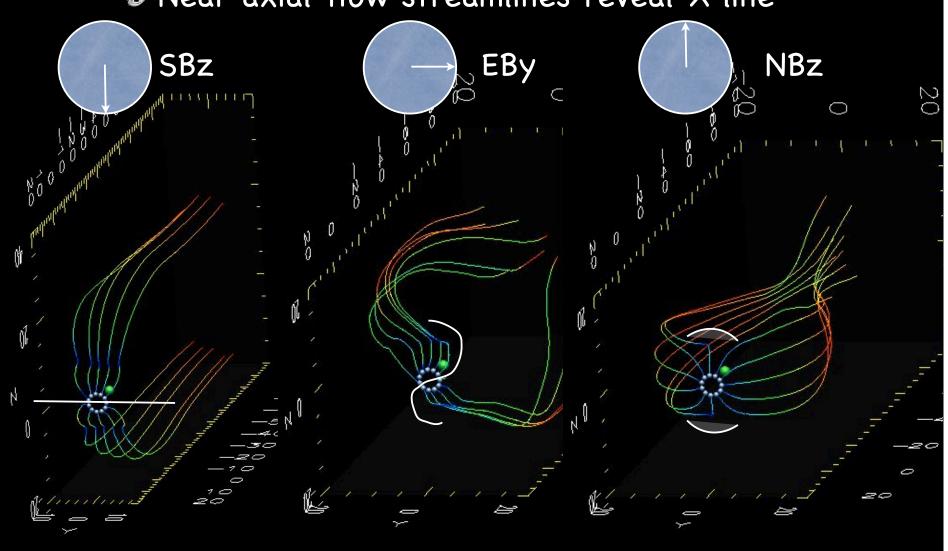
LFM solutions provided by
J. Fedder and S. Slinker
who don't support this interpretation
(yet)

Method

- Visualize the flow streamlines in LFM
- Use three simulations
 - One for NBz, one for EBy, one for SBz
- Look at how dayside streamlines vary
- Streamlines reveal X line by being deflected away from it and from the radially divergent flow they would have without reconnection

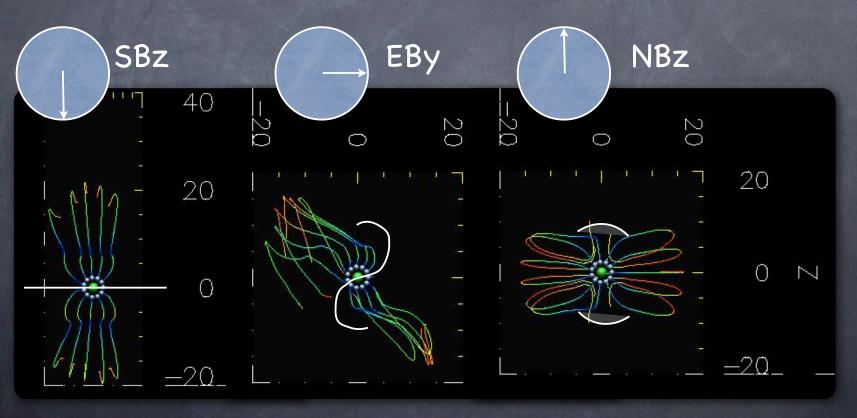
Dayside Reconnection in LFM vs IMF Clock Angle

Near axial flow streamlines reveal X line



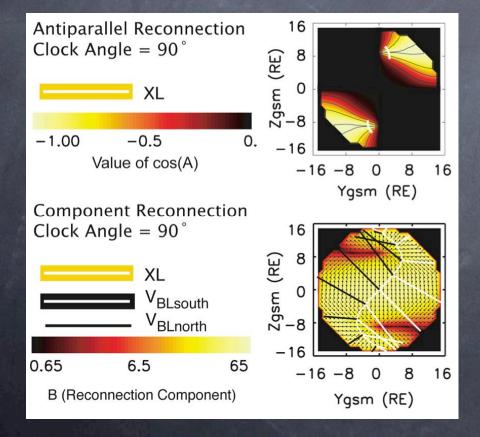
Dayside Reconnection in LFM vs IMF Clock Angle

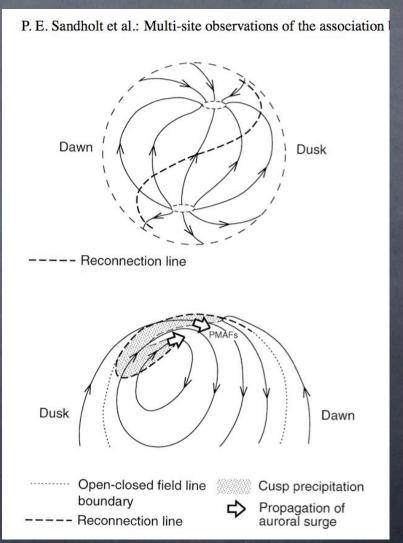
Near axial flow streamlines reveal X line



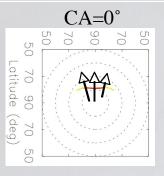
S or Z Shaped X line

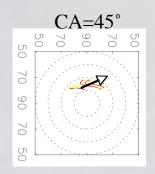
Theory and observation point toward S or Z shaped X line





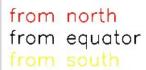
Ionospheric Footprint

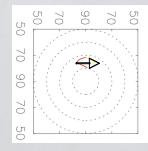


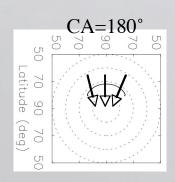


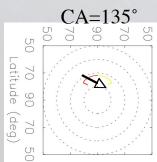


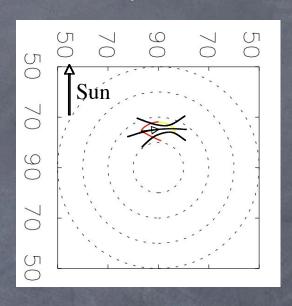
CA=90°











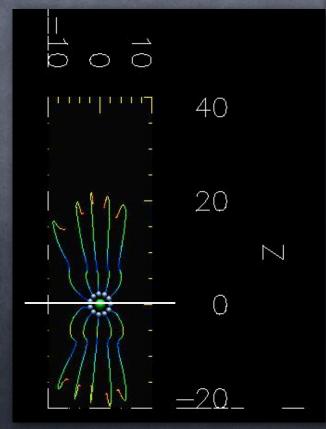
Z or S shaped X line maps to reconnection "nozzles" in each ionosphere, oppositely directed "throat" flows

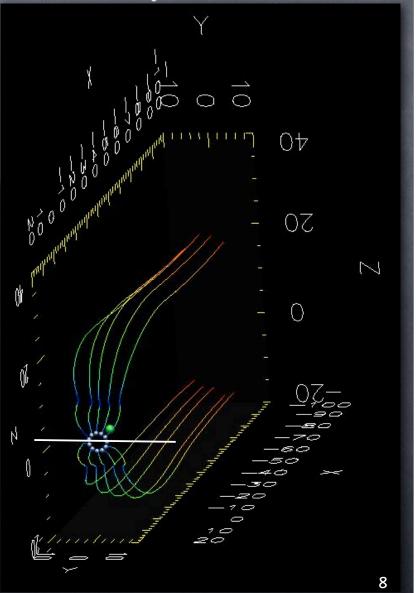
Conclusions

- LFM dayside reconnection in qualitative agreement with Moore et al. 2002 JGR
- X line follows current sheet streamline along ridge of maximal reconnecting component
- Consistent with X line as null connector, with rate smoothly varying along extended X line
- © Cooling et al., 2001 JGR used Kobel and Flückiger [1994 JGR] magnetosheath field with qualitatively similar results.

SBz - Bz = -5nT, By = 0

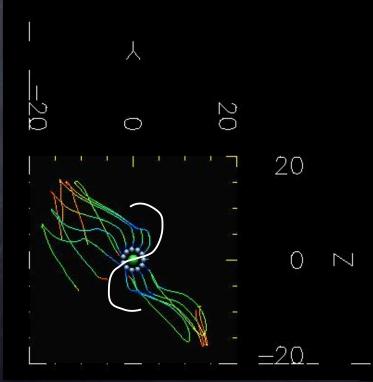
SBz directs magnetosheath flows through the cusps and lobes

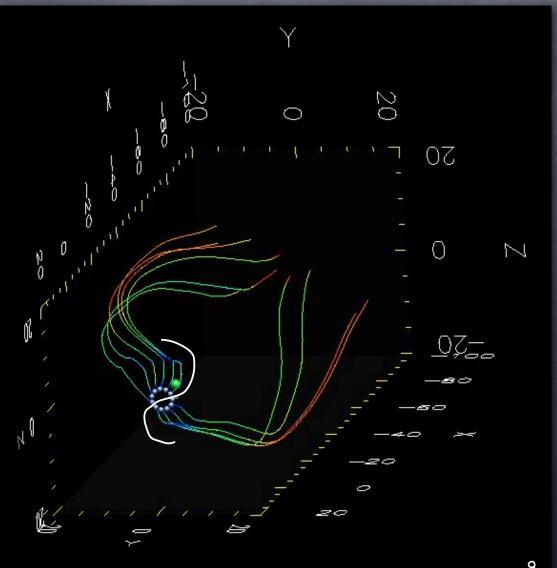




EBy - Bz = 0, By = 10nT

EBy directs magnetosheath flows off toward flanks and gives them twist





NBz - Bz = 5nT; By = 0

NBz directs magnetosheath flows to the LLBL flanks, central plasma sheet

